

## A rereading of the Werner Report of 8 October 1970 in the light of the Pierre Werner family archives — Index of key figures mentioned

ABS, Hermann (1901–1994): German banker. Chairman of Deutsche Bank (1957–1967).

ADENAUER, Konrad (1876–1967): German statesman, Christian Democrat. Mayor of Cologne (1917–1933); Chairman of the CDU in the British zone (1946–1950); Chairman of the CDU (1950–1966); Chairman of the Parliamentary Council (1948–1949); Foreign Minister (1951–1957); Member of the Bundestag (1949–1967); first Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany (1949–1963).

ANSIAUX (Baron), Hubert (1908–1987): Governor of the National Bank of Belgium (1957–1971); Chairman of the Committee of Governors of the Central Banks of the EEC (1967–1971); member of the Werner Committee (1970).

BARBER, Anthony (1920–2005): British politician. Chancellor of the Exchequer (1970–1974).

BAFFI, Paolo (1911–1989): Italian academic and banker. Employee then Head of Research at the Banca d'Italia (1938–1960); Director-General (1960–1975); Governor of the Banca d'Italia (1975–1979); Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) (1988–1989); member of the Accademia dei Lincei.

BARRE, Raymond (1924–2007): Professor of Law and Economics. French politician. Vice-President of the European Commission with responsibility for Economics and Finance (1967–1973); Minister for External Trade (1976); Prime Minister of the French Republic (1976–1978, 1978–1981); UDF Member of the National Assembly for the Rhône (1978–2002); member of the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences (2001–2007).

BAUMGARTNER, Wilfrid (1902–1978): French politician and senior official. Governor of the Banque de France (1949–1960); French Minister for the Economy and Finance (1960–1962); member of the Economic and Social Council (1969–1974); member of the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences (1965–1978).

BECH, Joseph (1887–1975): Luxembourg statesman, Christian Socialist. Member of Parliament for the Christian Social Party (1914–1964); Minister for the Interior, for Education and for Justice (1920); Foreign Minister (1926–1958); Minister of State; President of the Government (1926–1937; 1953–1958); President of the Chamber of Deputies (1959–1964).

BEYEN, Jan Willem (1897–1976): Dutch banker, politician and diplomat. Employee then Treasurer-General at the Ministry of Finance (1918–1923); Executive Secretary of the company Philips (1924–1925); Manager of the Amsterdam office of the Bank of Java (1925–1927); member of the Executive Board of the Bank of Rotterdam (1927–1935); Vice-President then President of the Bank for International Settlements in Basel (1935–1940); financial adviser to the Netherlands Government in London (1940–1946); Executive Director of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (1946–1955); Executive Director of the International Monetary Fund (1948–1955); Minister for Foreign Affairs (1952–1956); Netherlands Ambassador to France (1958–1963).

BLESSING, Karl (1900–1971): German economist. Employee at the Reichsbank (1920–1929), then assistant to Hjalmar Schacht, President of the Reichsbank (1929–1937); adviser to Hjalmar Schacht, Minister for the Economy (1937); member of the Board of the Reichsbank (1937–1939), ousted for

criticising the Nazi regime; President of the Bundesbank (1958 to 1969).

BLOCH-LAINÉ, Jean-Michel (born 1936): French senior official. Official in the Treasury Department of the Ministry of Finance (1967–1970; 1971–1974); alternate member of the Werner Committee (1970) as deputy to Bernard Clappier, Chairman of the Monetary Committee.

BORSCHETTE, Albert (1920–1976): Luxembourg diplomat and writer. Member of the European Commission with responsibility for Competition (1971–1976).

BRANDT, Willy (1913–1992): German Social Democrat politician. Social Democrat Member of the Bundestag (1949–1957; 1961; 1969–1992); Mayor of Berlin (1957–1966); Chairman of the Social Democratic Party (SPD) (1964–1987); Foreign Minister of the Federal Republic of Germany (1966–1969); Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany (1969–1974); President of the Socialist International (1976–1992); Chairman of the ‘North–South Commission’ (1977–1983); Member of the European Parliament (1979–1982). Laureate of the Nobel Peace Prize (1971).

BROUWERS, Gerard (1908–1991): Dutch senior official. Secretary-General of the Netherlands Ministry of Economic Affairs (1949–1973); Chairman of the EEC’s Conjunctural Policy Committee and member of the Werner Committee (1970).

BURNS, Arthur Frank (1904–1987): American economist. Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers (CEA) under US President Dwight Eisenhower (1953–1956); Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board (1970–1978); United States Ambassador to Germany (1981–1985).

CARLI, Guido (1914–1993): Italian banker and politician. Chairman of Mediocredito Bank (1953–1956); Chairman of the Italian foreign exchange institute (1956–1957); Minister for Foreign Trade (1957–1958); Chairman of the Banca d’Italia (1960–1975); President of Confindustria, the Italian employers’ federation (1976–1980); independent Senator with the support of the Christian Democracy party (1983–1987); Treasury Minister (1989–1992).

CLAPPIER, Bernard (1913–1999): French senior official. Inspector of Finance (1939–1947); head of the private office of Robert Schuman, who served as French Finance Minister, Prime Minister and Foreign Minister (1947–1950); Director of Foreign Relations at the Ministry of the Economy (1951–1963); Deputy Governor of the Banque de France (1964–1973); Governor of the Banque de France (1974–1983); Vice-Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank for International Settlements (1983–1991); Chairman of the EEC’s Monetary Committee and member of the Werner Committee (1970).

COLLIN, Fernand (1897–1990): Belgian academic, lawyer and banker. Law Professor at the Catholic University of Leuven (1927–1952); President of Kredietbank Belgium (1938–1973). Known for his thinking on the definition and public and private use of the European unit of account.

COLOMBO, Emilio (born 1920): Italian Christian Democrat politician. Christian Democrat Member of the Italian Parliament (1948–1994); Minister for Agriculture (1955–1958); Minister for Foreign Trade (1958–1959); Minister for Industry and Trade (1959–1963) and for Finance, the Treasury and the Budget (1967–1970); Prime Minister (1970–1972); Minister for the Treasury (1974–1976); President of the European Parliament (1977–1979); Member of the European Parliament (1977–1979; 1989–1992); Foreign Minister (1980–1983; 1992–1993). Winner of the International Charlemagne Prize in 1979. Advocate of European political cooperation (the Genscher–Colombo initiative) (1981).

CONNALLY (Jr), John Bowden (1917–1993): US politician, member of the Democratic Party then

the Republican Party. Secretary of the Navy under President Kennedy (1961); Governor of Texas (1961–1969); Treasury Secretary under President Nixon (1971–1972).

COUVE de MURVILLE, Maurice (1907–1999): French diplomat and politician. Member of the French Committee for National Liberation (1943); Ambassador to Rome (1945); Director-General of Political Affairs at the French Foreign Ministry (1945–1950); Ambassador to Cairo (1950–1954); Permanent French Delegate to NATO (1954); Ambassador to Washington (1955); Ambassador to Bonn (1956–1958); Minister for Foreign Affairs (1958–1968); Prime Minister (1968–1969); Member of the French National Assembly, initially for the UDR, subsequently for the RPR (1973–1986).

DAHLGRÜN, Rolf (1908–1969): German Liberal Democrat politician. Member of the Hamburg *Bürgerschaft* (1952–1957); Member of the Bundestag (1957–1962; 1966–1969); Minister for Finance in the Federal Republic of Germany (1962–1966).

DAVIGNON, Étienne (born 1932): Belgian legal expert and diplomat. Cabinet attaché at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1961); head of the private office of Ministers Spaak and Harmel (1964–1966; 1966–1969); Director of Political Affairs at the Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1969–1976); chairman of a committee of experts that drafted a report on the problems of political unification in Europe (the Davignon Report, 1970); Chairman of the Executive Committee of the International Energy Agency (1974–1977); member of the Commission of the European Communities (1977–1981); Vice-President of the European Commission (1981–1985); Chairman of the Association for the Monetary Union of Europe (1991–).

DEBRÉ, Michel (1912–1996): French statesman, member of the Resistance and Gaullist. Minister for Justice (1958–1959); Prime Minister of the French Republic (1959–1962); Minister for the Economy and Finance (1966–1968); Minister for Foreign Affairs (1968–1969); Minister for National Defence (1969–1973).

DE GAULLE, Charles (1890–1970): French statesman. Elite military academy at Saint-Cyr, Paris; Under-Secretary of State for National Defence (1940); Brigadier General (1940); Chairman of the French Committee for National Liberation (1943–1945); President of the Provisional Government (1944–1946); Prime Minister (1958); President of the French Republic (1958–1969).

DELORS, Jacques (born 1925): French economist and politician, Socialist. Head of department (1945–1962) and attaché in the private office of the Director-General for securities and the money market at the Banque de France (1950–1962); member of the section for planning and investments at the Economic and Social Council (1959–1961); Head of Social Affairs at the National Planning Board (1962–1969); Secretary-General of the Interministerial Committee for vocational training and social advancement created by Prime Ministers Jacques Chaban-Delmas and Pierre Messmer (1969–1973); adviser for Social and Cultural Affairs (1969) then special assistant to Prime Minister Jacques Chaban-Delmas (1971–1972); member of the General Council of the Banque de France (1973–1979); associate professor of business management at Paris IX University (1974–1979); national delegate for the Socialist Party on international economic relations (1976–1981); Member of the European Parliament, Chairman of the Committee on Economic and Monetary Affairs (1979–1981); Minister for the Economy and Finance (1981–1983) then Minister for the Economy, Finance and Budget (1983–1984); President of the Commission of the European Communities (1985–1995); Chairman of the UNESCO International Commission on Education for the Twenty-first Century (1994–1999); President of the Administrative Council of the College of Europe in Bruges (1995–1999); President, then Founder President, of the think tank Notre Europe (since 1996); President of the Council for Employment, Income and Social Cohesion (CERC) (2000–2009).

DE STRYCKER (Baron), Cecil (1915–2004): Belgian economist and banker. Employee at the National Bank of Belgium (from 1945); Director at the NBB (1968–1971); Vice-Governor of the NBB (1971–1975); Governor of the NBB (1975–1982).

DREES (Jr), Willem (Wim) (1922–1998): Dutch Socialist Democrat politician. Member of the Chamber of Representatives (1970–1971; 1972–1977); Minister for Transport and Waterways (1971–1972).

DUHAMEL, Jacques (1924–1977): French politician. Member of Parliament (1962–1973); Minister for Agriculture (1969–1971); Minister for Cultural Affairs (1971–1973).

EMMINGER, Otmar (1911–1986): German economist and banker. Member of the Board of the *Bank deutscher Länder* and then of the Bundesbank (1953–1969); Deputy Chairman and temporary Chairman of the Monetary Committee of the EEC (1958–1977); Deputy President of the Bundesbank (1969–1977); President of the Bundesbank (1977–1979).

ERHARD, Ludwig Wilhelm (1897–1977): German politician, Christian Democrat. Christian Democrat Member of the Bundestag (1949–1977); Minister for Economic Affairs (1949–1957); Minister for Economic Affairs and Vice-Chancellor (1957–1963); Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany (1963–1966); leader of the Christian Democratic Union (CDU) (1966–1967).

EYSKENS (Viscount), Gaston (1905–1988): Belgian academic and politician. Christian Democrat Member of Parliament for the Leuven constituency (1939); Minister for Finance (1945, 1947, 1965); Prime Minister (1949–1950; 1958–1960; 1960–1961; 1968–1972; 1972–1973); Minister of State (from 1963).

EYSKENS (Viscount), Mark (born 1933): Belgian academic, economist and politician (son of Gaston Eyskens). Adviser to the Belgian Finance Minister, André Dequae (1962–1965); professor at the Catholic University of Leuven/Louvain (KUL) (1965–1998); Member of the Chamber of Representatives (1977–2003); State Secretary for Regional Economy, Territorial Planning and Housing (1976–1977); State Secretary for the Budget (1978); Minister for Development Cooperation (1979–1980); Minister for Finance (1980–1981); Prime Minister (1981); Minister for Economic Affairs (1981–1985); Governor of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank (1985–1989); Minister for Finance (1985–1987); Minister for External Relations (1989–1992); Member of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Council of Europe (1992–2003); Member and Vice-President of the Parliamentary Assembly of Western European Union (1992–2003); Minister of State (since 1998).

FOURCADE, Jean-Pierre (born 1929): French economist and politician, member of the Union for a Popular Movement. Minister for the Economy and Finance (1974–1976); Minister for Equipment (1976–1977); Minister for Equipment and Regional Planning (1977); Senator (1976–2011). He is known for the 'Fourcade Plan', a stabilisation plan devised in June 1974 to tackle the inflationary impact of the first oil shock.

FRIEDEN, Luc (born 1963): Luxembourg Christian Socialist politician. Barrister in Luxembourg (1989–1998); Member of Parliament, Chairman of the Finance and Budget Committee and Chairman of the Committee on Institutions and Constitutional Revision in the Chamber of Deputies (1994–1998); Minister for Justice, Minister for the Budget, Minister for Relations with Parliament (1998–1999); Governor of the World Bank (since February 1998); Minister for Justice, Minister for the Treasury and the Budget (1999–2004); Minister for Defence (2004–2006); Minister for the Treasury and the Budget, Minister for Justice (2004–2009); Minister for Finance (since July 2009).

GISCARD d'ESTAING, Valéry (born 1926): French politician. Member of the French National Assembly (1956–1959; 1962; 1967–1969; 1984–1989; 1993–1997; 1997–2002); Minister for Finance and Economic Affairs (1962–1966); founder and President of the National Federation of Independent Republicans (1966–1974); Minister for the Economy and Finance (1969–1974); Chairman of the OECD Council (1970); President of the French Republic (1974–1981); member of the French Constitutional Council (1981–); founder of the Association for Monetary Union in Europe (1987); leader of the Union for French Democracy (UDF) (1988–1996); Member of the European Parliament (1989–1993); President of the International European Movement (1989–1997); Chairman of the European Convention (2002–2003); member of the French Academy (2003).

HALLSTEIN, Walter (1901–1982): German Christian Democrat politician. Rector of the University of Frankfurt (1946–1948); State Secretary in the Federal Chancellery (1950); head of the German delegation to the Schuman Plan negotiations (1950); State Secretary in the Foreign Ministry (1951–1958); President of the EEC Commission (1958–1967); Christian Democrat Member of the Bundestag (1969–1972); President of the European Movement (1968–1974).

HANSEN, Albert: Luxembourg legal expert and senior official. Civil servant (1969–2002); Secretary-General of the Government (1979–1998); Head of Cabinet of HRH the Grand Duke (1998–2002); Private Secretary to HRH the Grand Duke (1999–2002); member of the Council of State (since March 2001); President of the Governing Board of the *Souvenir de la Résistance*, or Memorial of the Resistance (since 2004).

HEATH, Edward (1916–2005): British Conservative politician. Conservative Member of Parliament (1950–2001); leader of the Conservative parliamentary group (1955–1959); Minister of Labour (1959–1960); Lord Privy Seal (1960–1963); President of the Board of Trade (1963); Secretary of State for Industry, Trade and Regional Development (1963–1964); leader of the Conservative Party (1965–1975); Prime Minister (1970–1974).

ISRAEL, Edmond (1924–2011): Luxembourg economist and banker. Director-General of the Banque Internationale à Luxembourg (BIL) (1973–1989); President of the Board of Directors of Cedel International (renamed Clearstream International in 1999) (1970–1999); Luxembourg representative on the Board of Governors of ASEF (Asia Europe Foundation) (1997–1999); Chairman of the ASEF Board of Governors (1999–2011); Honorary Chairman of Clearstream International (2005–2011).

JENKINS, Roy (1920–2003): British politician. Labour Member of Parliament (1948–1976); Minister for Aviation (1964–1965); Home Secretary (1965–1967; 1974–1976); Chancellor of the Exchequer (1967–1970); President of the European Commission (1977–1981); Social Democrat MP (1982–1987); leader of the Social Democratic Party (1982–1983).

JUNCKER, Jean-Claude (born 1954): Luxembourg Christian Socialist statesman. State Secretary for Labour and Social Security (1982–1984); Minister for Labour, Minister with responsibility for the Budget (1984–1989); Minister for Finance, Minister for Labour (1989–1995); Governor of the World Bank (1989–1995); Chairman of the Christian Social Party (CSV) (1990–1995); Prime Minister, Minister of State, Minister for Finance, Minister for Labour and Employment (1995–1999); Governor of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) (since 1995); Governor of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) (since 1995); Prime Minister, Minister of State and Minister for Finance (1999–2009); President of the Eurogroup, which brings together the Finance Ministers of all the Member States of the euro zone (elected as the first permanent president on 10 September 2004); Prime Minister, Minister of State, Minister for the Treasury (since July 2009).

KLASEN, Karl (1909–1991): German banker. Chairman of the *Landeszentralbank Hamburg* (1946–1952); member of the Board of the Deutsche Bank (1952–1969), for which he was also the spokesman (1967–1969); Chairman of the Bundesbank (1970–1977); member of the Supervisory Council of the Deutsche Bank (1978–1984).

LAROSIÈRE, Jacques de (born 1929): French academic and senior official. Lecturer at Sciences Po and Inspector of Finance (from 1960); Assistant Director (1967–1974) then Director of the Treasury (1974–1978); Managing Director of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) (1978–1987); Governor of the Banque de France (1987–1993); President of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) (1993–1998); Chairman of the Strategic Committee of Agence France Trésor.

LOOIJEN, Anthony: Dutch expert, alternate member of the Werner Committee as deputy to Gerard Brouwers, Chairman of the Conjunctural Policy Committee.

LUNS, Joseph (1911–2002): Dutch politician and diplomat. Netherlands Representative to the UN in New York (1949–1952); Foreign Minister (1956–1971); Secretary General of NATO (1971–1984).

MACHLUP, Fritz (1902–1983): Austrian economist who played an important part in the development of economics (methodology, theory and policy aspects). A student of Friedrich von Wieser and Ludwig von Mises, he gained his doctorate in 1925 on the subject of *Die Goldkernwahrung* (The Gold Exchange Standard). He published a book in 1927 on the adoption of the Gold Exchange Standard. Machlup left for the United States on a Rockefeller fellowship and taught at Harvard, Columbia and Stanford Universities. He initially worked on the industrial economy and then focused on the international monetary economy. In 1963, he formed an organisation of academics, known as the Bellagio Group, to study this question, develop an academic consensus and propose practical solutions. His success in this venture attracted the attention of governments and central bankers and resulted in the publication of numerous books and articles on the international currency crisis and its solution. Robert Triffin dubbed him ‘the unquestioned intellectual leader and mentor of our vain efforts to reform the crumbling international monetary system’. The Nobel Committee listed his name several times as a candidate for the Prize, although he was never awarded it.

MALFATTI, Franco Maria (1927–1991): Italian politician, Christian Democrat. Christian Democrat Member of Parliament (first elected in 1958 and re-elected in 1963, 1968, 1972, 1976, 1979, 1983 and 1987); Minister for Posts and Telecommunications, Education, Finance and Foreign Affairs, Deputy State Secretary for Industry and Trade, Foreign Affairs, the Budget and programming activities in the successive governments between 1958 and 1980; President of the Commission of the European Communities (1970–1972). He resigned in 1972 to take part in the parliamentary elections in Italy that year.

MANSHOLT, Sicco Leendert (1908–1995): Dutch Socialist politician. Socialist Minister for Agriculture and Fisheries (1945–1958); author of the plan for a ‘green pool’ (1950–1953); Member of the EEC Commission (1958–1967); author of the Mansholt Plan for a reform of agriculture in the EEC (1968); member of the Commission of the European Communities (1967–1973); President of the Commission of the European Communities (1972–1973).

MARJOLIN, Robert (1911–1986): French senior official, academic and politician. Deputy Commissioner-General of the French National Planning Board (Monnet Plan for Modernisation and Equipment) (1946–1948); Secretary-General of the Organisation for European Economic

Cooperation (OEEC) (1948–1955); Vice-Chairman of the French Delegation to the EEC and EAEC negotiations (1956–1957); Vice-President of the Commission of the European Economic Community with responsibility for the Economy and Finance (1958–1967); member of the Committee of the Three Wise Men (1978–1979); member of the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences (1984). In 1962, with Robert Triffin (Belgian–American economist and economic adviser to Jean Monnet’s Action Committee for the United States of Europe), he drafted an Action Programme for the Second Stage of the European Economic Community. This programme proposed a reform of the Treaty of Rome with a maximalist interpretation of Article 108, paving the way for the establishment of an economic and monetary union.

MARTENS, Wilfried (born 1936): Belgian statesman, Christian Democrat. Adviser to Prime Ministers Pierre Harmel and Paul Vanden Boeynants (1965–1966); President of the *CVP Jongeren* (the youth organisation of the Christian People’s Party) (1967–1971); special adviser in the office of minister Leo Tindemans (1968); Chairman of the Christian People’s Party (1972–1979); co-founder of the European People’s Party (1976); Member of the Chamber of Representatives (1974–1991); Prime Minister (1979–1981; 1981–1992); President of the European People’s Party (since 1990); President of the European Union of Christian Democrats (1993–1996); Member of the European Parliament (1994–2004); Chairman of the Group of the European People’s Party (1994–1999); Minister of State (since 1992).

MENDÈS FRANCE, Pierre (1907–1982): French politician. Radical-Socialist Member of Parliament for the Eure department (1932–1959); Commissioner of Finance in the French Committee of National Liberation (1943); Minister for the National Economy (1944–1945); French Governor of the International Monetary Fund (1946–1958); Prime Minister and Foreign Minister (1954–1955); Socialist MP for Grenoble (1967–1968).

MERSCH, Yves (born 1949): Luxembourg academic and banker. Barrister in Luxembourg and Assistant Professor in Public Law at the University of Paris–Sud 11 (1974–1975); assistant in the Luxembourg Ministry of Finance (1975–1976); assistant at the International Monetary Fund, Washington DC (1976–1978); attaché in the Luxembourg Ministry of Finance (1978–1979); financial adviser to the Permanent Representation of Luxembourg to the United Nations, New York (1980–1981); adviser in international financial and monetary relations at the Ministry of Finance (1981); member of the Council of the Luxembourg Monetary Institute (1983–1999); government representative for the Luxembourg Stock Exchange (1985–1989); Director of the Treasury (1989–1998); President of the Banque Centrale du Luxembourg; member of the Governing Council and General Council of the European Central Bank (June 1998–September 2012); member of the Executive Board of the European Central Bank (ECB) (since September 2012).

MERTENS de WILMARS, Jacques (1917–1986): Belgian academic and banker. Professor at the Université catholique de Louvain; adviser at the National Bank of Belgium; alternate member of the Werner Committee as assistant to Baron Hubert Ansiaux, Chairman of the Committee of Governors of the Central Banks (1970).

MOLITOR, Bernhard (1933–2007): German economist and senior official. Assistant at the Commission of the European Economic Community, Directorate-General for Economic and Financial Affairs (1958–1966); head of the department in charge of medium-term economic policy (1966–1968); Director for National Economies and Short-Term Economic Affairs in the Directorate for Economic and Financial Affairs of the EC Commission (1968–1975); Director in the Ministry of Economic Affairs of the German Federal Government (1979–1994).

MÖLLER, Alexander (Alex) Johann Heinrich Friedrich (1903–1985): German politician, member of the Social Democratic Party of Germany (SPD). Member of the Bundestag (1961–1976);

German Finance Minister (1969–1971); adviser to the Egyptian Government on behalf of the German Government led by Helmut Schmidt (1980–1985).

MONNET, Jean (1888–1979): French politician. Deputy Secretary-General of the League of Nations (1919–1923); member of the British Supply Council, Washington (provision of civil and military goods for the war effort) (1940–1943); Commissioner-General of the French National Planning Board (1947–1952); architect of the plan for a ‘coal and steel pool’ (1950); President of the ECSC High Authority (1952–1955); founder of the Action Committee for the United States of Europe (1955–1975).

MOREL, Jean-Claude: official at the European Commission, deputy to Ugo Mosca, Director-General for Economic and Financial Affairs at the EEC. Alternate member of the Werner Committee (1970).

MORELLI, Georges: official at the European Commission (DGII), technical secretary of the Werner Committee (1970).

MOSCA, Ugo (1914–?): Director-General for Economic and Financial Affairs at the EEC (DGII). Member of the Werner Committee, representative of the EC Commission (1970).

MUNDELL, Robert Alexander (born 1932): Canadian academic and economist. Author of *A Theory of Optimum Currency Areas* in 1961 (also known as the ‘Mundell–Fleming model’), which generalises Keynesian theory to monetary dynamics, exchange rates and capital markets in open economies. In 1970 he became a consultant to the EEC Monetary Committee and, as such, in 1972–73 he was a member of the EEC Study Group on Monetary Union. Professor at Columbia University in the City of New York (1974). Laureate of the Nobel Prize in Economics in 1999.

NIXON, Richard Milhous (1913–1994): US statesman. He was the 37th President of the United States (1969–1974).

NOËL, Émile (1922–1996): French diplomat and senior official. Secretary of the General Affairs Committee of the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe (1950–1952); Director of the Secretariat of the Ad Hoc Assembly’s Constitutional Committee (1952–1954); Chef de Cabinet for the President of the Council of Europe’s Consultative Assembly (1954–1956); representative of the French Prime Minister in the delegation to the Conference on the Common Market and Euratom (1956–1957); Executive Secretary of the Commission of the European Economic Community (1958–1967); Secretary-General of the Commission of the European Communities (1967–1987); President of the European University Institute in Florence (1987–1993).

NOTHOMB, Charles-Ferdinand (born 1934): Belgian Christian Socialist politician and statesman. Christian Socialist Member of Parliament (1968–1995); leader of the Christian Social Party (1972–1979; 1996–1998); member of the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe (1968–1973 and 1995–1999); Member of the European Parliament (1979–1980); President of the Chamber of Representatives (1979–1980; 1988–1995); Minister for Foreign Affairs (1980–1981); Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for the Interior and the Civil Service (1981–1985); Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for the Interior, the Civil Service and Decentralisation (1985–1986); Co-Chairman and General Rapporteur of the Conference of European Parliaments (1990); Senator (1995–1999); President of the Belgian Council of the European Movement (2001–2007); President of the European Institute for Research on Mediterranean and Euro-Arab Cooperation (2001–2007).

ORTOLI, François-Xavier (1925–2007): French politician and senior official. Minister for Information (1951); technical adviser to the private office of the Minister for Economic Affairs



(1953); Director-General of the EEC Internal Market Directorate-General (1958); head of Georges Pompidou's private office (1962); Commissioner-General of the French National Planning Board (1966–1967); Minister for Equipment and Housing (1967–1968); UDR Member of the French National Assembly (1968); Minister for the Economy and Finance (1968–1969); Minister for Industrial and Scientific Development (1969–1972); President of the Commission of the European Communities (1973–1977); Vice-President of the Commission of the European Communities with special responsibility for Economic and Financial Affairs (1977–1984).

OSSOLA, Rinaldo (1913–1990): Italian academic (graduate of Bocconi University, Milan, and the London School of Economics) and banker. Employee at the Banca d'Italia (from 1938); Deputy Director-General at the Banca d'Italia (1962–1970); Chairman of the Group of Ten, which drafted the report on the establishment of SDRs (the Ossola Report) in 1964; Director-General of the Banca d'Italia (1975–1976); Senator (1976–1979); Minister for Foreign Trade (1976–1979).

PALUMBO, Simone: expert, alternate member of the Werner Committee as deputy to Gaetano Stammati, Chairman of the Budgetary Policy Committee (1970).

PESCATORE, Pierre (1919–2010): Doctor of law, Luxembourg diplomat and senior official. Legal Adviser, Director and subsequently Secretary-General with the rank of Minister Plenipotentiary at the Luxembourg Ministry of Foreign Affairs (1950–1967); professor at the University of Liège (1952–1982); judge at the Court of Justice of the European Communities (1967–1985).

PLEVEN, René (1901–1993): French politician. Finance Minister (1944–1946); Gaullist Member of the French National Assembly (1945–1973); member and Chairman of the Côtes-du-Nord General Council (1948–1976); Prime Minister (July 1950–February 1951; August 1951–January 1952); architect of the plan for a European Defence Community (1950); Defence Minister (1949–1950; 1952–1954); Foreign Minister (1958); Member of the European Parliamentary Assembly (1958–1969); Justice Minister (1969–1973).

POMPIDOU, Georges Jean Raymond (1911–1974): French academic (graduate of the École Normale Supérieure with an *agrégation* in literature) and statesman. General Manager of the Rothschild Bank (1956–1962); head of the private office of General de Gaulle (1958–1959); Member of the French National Assembly (1968–1969); member of the Constitutional Council (1959–1962); Prime Minister (1962–1968); President of the French Republic (1969–1974).

REY, Jean (1902–1983): Belgian legal expert and Liberal politician. Liberal Member of Parliament for Liège (1939–1958); Minister for Reconstruction (1949–1950); member of the European Affairs Commission (1952); Minister for Economic Affairs (1954–1958); President and member of the ECSC Special Council of Ministers (1954–1958); member of the EEC Commission (1958–1967); President of the Commission of the European Communities (1967–1970); President of the European Movement (1974–1978); Member of the European Parliament (1979–1980).

RIST, Charles (1874–1955): French academic (lecturer at the University of Montpellier and the Law Faculty of Paris) and economist. Author, with Charles Gide, of *Histoire des doctrines économiques* (1909); in 1926, he became Deputy Governor of the Banque de France and began a career as an international monetary and financial expert. Member of the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences (1928); founder of the Institute for Economic and Social Research (IRES) (1933).

ROHWEDDER, Detlev Karsten (1932–1991): German politician. State Secretary in the Federal Ministry of the Economy (1969–1978).

RUEFF, Jacques (1896–1978): French economist and senior official. Special adviser to Raymond

Poincaré, Prime Minister and Finance Minister (1926–1928); financial attaché to the French Embassy in London, then Director of the *Mouvement général des fonds* and Deputy Governor of the Banque de France (1939); Chairman of the War Reparations Conference in Paris (1945). He was a founder of the Mont Pelerin Society (1947). In the 1950s, he held several posts in European organisations, at the Court of Justice of the European Coal and Steel Community and at the Court of Justice of the European Communities. In 1958, he chaired the committee of experts tasked with consolidating public finances, resulting in the ‘Rueff Plan’. The franc regained its convertibility and exchange controls became more flexible. Rueff anticipated the Common Market that was being created and recommending opening up to competition in a second study that he conducted with Louis Armand and an ad hoc committee of experts, the ‘Rueff–Armand Committee’. When the study was published in 1960, journalists referred to it as the ‘Rueff–Armand Plan’, although the official title was ‘Report by the committee on eliminating barriers to economic growth’. He became a member of the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences (1944) and the French Academy (1964).

SANTER, Jacques (born 1937): Luxembourg Christian Socialist statesman. Leader of the Christian Social Party (1974–1982); Member of the European Parliament (1975–1979; 1999–2004); Minister for Finance, Employment and Social Security (1979–1984); Prime Minister, Minister of State and Finance Minister (1984–1995); Governor of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (1991–1994); President of the European Commission (1995–1999); member of the European Convention (2002–2003).

SCELBA, Mario (1901–1991): Italian politician. Minister for the Interior (1947–1952; 1952–1953; 1954–1955; 1960–1962); Prime Minister (1954–1955); President of the European Parliament (1969–1971).

SCHEEL, Walter (born 1919): German Liberal Democrat statesman. Member of the Bundestag (1953–1961); Federal Minister for Economic Cooperation (1961–1962; 1962–1966); Vice-President of the Bundestag (1967–1969); Federal President of the Liberal Democrat Party (1968–1974); Vice-Chancellor, Federal Minister for Foreign Affairs (1969–1974); fourth President of Germany (1974–1979).

SCHILLER, Karl August Fritz (1911–1994): German academic and Social Democrat politician. Senator for Economic Affairs for the *Land* of Berlin (1961–1965); Social Democrat Member of the Bundestag (1965–1972); Minister for Economic Affairs (1966–1971); architect of a law on economic stability and growth (1967); Minister for Economic Affairs and Finance (1971–1972).

SCHMIDT, Helmut (born 1918): German statesman, Social Democrat. Social Democrat Member of the Bundestag (1953–1961; 1965–1986); deputy leader of the SPD parliamentary group (1967–1969); deputy leader of the SPD (1968–1983); Defence Minister (1969–1972); Finance Minister (1972–1974); Chancellor of the Federal Republic of Germany (1974–1982); founder of the Association for the Monetary Union of Europe (1987).

SCHMITZ, Johnny: expert, alternate member of the Werner Committee as deputy to chairman Pierre Werner (1970).

SCHÖLLHORN, Johann Baptist (1922–2009): German academic and politician. Researcher at the Munich-based IFO-Institut (economic research institute) (1952–1955); employee at the Federal Ministry of the Economy in the ‘General European economic affairs’ department (1956–1962); Director of the ‘Short-term economic policy’ sub-section (1962–1964); Director of the ‘Basic questions on economic policy and international cooperation’ sub-section (1962–1966); State Secretary (1967–1972); Chairman of the *Landeszentralbank Schleswig-Holstein* (1973–1989); member of the Board of Directors of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) (1976–1989);

Chairman of the EEC's Medium-Term Economic Policy Committee and member of the Werner Committee (1970).

SCHRÖDER, Gerhard (1910–1989): German Christian Democrat politician. Interior Minister (1953–1961); Foreign Minister (1961–1966); Defence Minister (1966–1969); Chairman of the Bundestag Foreign Affairs Committee (1969–1980).

SCHUMAN, Robert Nicolas Jean-Baptiste (1886–1963): French Christian Democrat statesman, born in Luxembourg. Christian Democrat Member of Parliament (1919–1940); Finance Minister (1946–1947); President of the Council (1947–1948); Foreign Minister (1948–1953); founder of the European Coal and Steel Community (1950); Minister for Justice (1955–1956); President of the European Parliament (1958–1960).

SCHUMANN, Maurice (1911–1998): French journalist and Christian Democrat politician. Founder member of the Popular Republican Movement (MRP) (1944); Member of Parliament (1945–1973); State Secretary for Foreign Affairs in the cabinets of Plevin, Faure, Pinay, Mayer and Laniel (1951–1954); Minister attached to the Prime Minister for Regional Planning (1962); Minister for Scientific Research and Atomic and Space Matters (1967–1968); Minister for Social Affairs (1968–1969); Minister for Foreign Affairs (1969–1973); UDF and RPR Senator (1974–1998); member of the French Academy (1974).

SCHWEITZER, Pierre-Paul (1912–1994): French economist and senior official. Director of the Treasury in the Finance Ministry (1953–1960); second Deputy Governor at the Banque de France (1960–1964); Managing Director of the International Monetary Fund (1963–1973). Initiator of special drawing rights (SDRs) and architect of the swift termination of dollar–gold convertibility and fixed exchange rates. He was criticised by the United States and resigned before the end of his second term.

SNOY et D'OPPUERS, Jean-Charles (1907–1991): Count, Belgian politician and member of the Christian Social Party. As Secretary-General of the Belgian Ministry for Economic Affairs, he chaired the Belgian delegation to the Intergovernmental Conference on the Common Market and Euratom. He was one of the negotiators and signatories of the Treaty of Rome on 25 March 1957. He was elected as a Member of the Chamber of Representatives in May 1968 and became Minister for Finance in the Eyskens–Cools Government the same year, a post he would hold until 1972.

SPAACK, Paul-Henri (1899–1972): Belgian Socialist statesman. Socialist Member of Parliament for Brussels (1932–1957; 1961–1966); Foreign Minister (1936–1939; 1939–1940; 1954–1957); Prime Minister (1938–1939; 1946–1949); President of the UN General Assembly (1946); President of the Consultative Assembly of the Council of Europe (1949–1951); President of the ECSC Common Assembly (1952–1954); chairman of a working party established at the 1955 Messina Conference and entrusted with the preparation of a report on the creation of a common European market (Spaak Report) (1955); Secretary General of NATO (1957–1961); Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister (1961–1966).

SPIERENBURG, Dirk (1909–2001): Dutch diplomat and senior official. Director-General for International Economic Relations in the Foreign Ministry (1949–1952); member of the ECSC High Authority (1952–1962); Netherlands Permanent Representative to the European Communities (1963–1971).

SPINELLI, Altiero (1907–1986): Italian politician. Co-author of the federalist Ventotene Manifesto (1941); co-founder and Secretary-General of the European Federalist Movement (1943–1962); member of the Commission of the European Communities (1970); Communist Member of the

Italian Parliament (1976–1983); Member of the European Parliament (1976–1986); rapporteur of the committee tasked with the institutional reform of the European Parliament (1984).

STAMMATI, Gaetano (1908–2002): Italian academic, banker and politician. Finance Minister (1976–1978); Minister for Public Works (1978–1979); Minister for International Trade (1979–1981). Chairman of the EEC's Budgetary Policy Committee and member of the Werner Committee (1970).

STEICHEN, René (born 1942): Luxembourg legal expert and Christian Socialist politician. Mayor of Diekirch (1974–1984); State Secretary for Agriculture, Viticulture and Rural Development (1984–1989); Minister for Agriculture, Viticulture and Rural Development (1989–1992); member of the European Commission responsible for Agriculture and Rural Development (1992–1995); Director of SES ASTRA SA (originally known as the *Société européenne des satellites*) (1995); Chairman of the Board of Directors of SES ASTRA SA, SES WORLD SKIES and SES ASTRA Services Europe (since April 1996).

THORN, Gaston (1928–2007): Luxembourg legal expert and Liberal statesman. Liberal Member of the Luxembourg Chamber of Deputies (1959–1975); Member of the European Parliament (1959–1969); Minister for Foreign Affairs and Foreign Trade, the Civil Service, Physical Education and Sport (1968–1974); Prime Minister, Minister of State and Minister for Foreign Affairs and Foreign Trade (1974–1979); President of the United Nations General Assembly (1975–1976); Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs, Foreign Trade and Cooperation, Minister for the National Economy and Small Businesses and Minister for Justice (1979–1980); President of the European Commission (1981–1985).

TIETMEYER, Hans (born 1931): German academic and banker. Director of Research at Cusanuswerk, Bonn (1959–1962); official in the Federal Ministry of the Economy (1962–1982); head of the 'Fundamental questions on the economic system and economic policy' department (1962–1970); head of the 'European Common Market and relations with third countries' subdivision (during this time he was a lecturer at the Universities of Bochum and Cologne) (1970–1972); head of the 'Fundamental questions on economic, short-term and growth policy' subdivision (1972–1973); director and head of the 'Economic policy' department and also, in this capacity, chairman of the EEC's committee on economic policy (Brussels) and a member of the OECD committee on economic policy (Paris) (1973–1982); State Secretary in the Federal Ministry of the Economy with responsibility for fundamental questions on financial policy, international monetary policy and EEC matters (1982–1989); member of the Executive Board of the Bundesbank (1990–1991); Vice-President of the Bundesbank (1991–1993); President of the Bundesbank (1993–1999); Vice-Chairman of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) (since 2003); alternate member of the Werner Committee as deputy to Johann Baptist Schöllhorn, Chairman of the Medium-Term Economic Policy Committee (1970).

TINDEMANS, Leo (born 1922): Belgian statesman, Christian Democrat. Mayor of Edegem (1965–1976); Minister of Community Relations (1968–1972); Minister for Agriculture and Small and Medium-sized Businesses (1972–1973); Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Finance responsible for coordination of institutional reforms (1973–1974); member of the Jean Monnet Committee for the United States of Europe (1960–1975); Prime Minister (1974–1978); Member of the European Parliament (1979–1981; 1989–1999); Minister for External Relations (1981–1989).

TRIFFIN, Robert (1911–1993): Belgian–American academic and economist. Doctor of law and graduate in economics from the Université catholique de Louvain (Belgium). Appointed as an assistant at Harvard University, United States (1938). Member of the Board of the Federal Reserve System in Washington (1942), in charge of cooperation with the countries of Latin America. He was

recruited by the International Monetary Fund in 1946 before moving to the European Cooperation Administration for the administration of the Marshall Plan in 1949, where he was one of the main architects and negotiators for the European Payments Union that was set up in 1950. In 1951, he joined the Department of Economics at Yale University. He then focused his attention on teaching and consultancy activities for various national and international organisations. His two major works were *Europe and the Money Muddle* (1957) and *Gold and the Dollar Crisis* (1960). His theory that would become known as the 'Triffin dilemma' confirmed his reputation as a leading expert. He was consulted at this time by both the US presidential administration and Jean Monnet's Action Committee for the United States of Europe. See: <https://www.uclouvain.be/122304.html>.

VON DER GROEBEN, Hans (1907–2005): German economist and senior official. Director of the ECSC subdivision in the Federal Ministry of the Economy (1952–1958); spokesman for the German Government on the Coordination Committee of the ECSC Special Council of Ministers (1953–1958); head of the German delegation to the Intergovernmental Committee established by the Messina Conference (1955–1956); involved in the drafting of the Spaak Report (1956); Chairman of the Common Market Group at the Intergovernmental Conference on the Common Market and Euratom (1956–1957); member of the EEC Commission, chairman of the 'Competition' working group, deputy chairman of the 'Economy' working group, member of the 'Agriculture' and 'Overseas Territories' working groups (1958–1961); Director-General for Competition (1961–1967) then for regional policy, freedom of establishment and freedom to provide services (1967–1970). Deputy Chairman of 'Europa-Union' (1965).

WEICKER, Alphonse (1891–1973): Luxembourg legal expert and banker. Managing Director of the Banque générale du Luxembourg (1919–1971).

WERNER, Henri (born 1948): third son of spouses Pierre Werner and Henriette Werner-Pescatore. Higher education in Luxembourg City, Innsbruck and Liège. Magistère (similar to a Master's degree) in theology and civil and metallurgical engineering. Engineer in new products at Céramétal, Mamer (1979–1985). Since 1985, engineer at the DuPont de Nemours site, Contern (manufacture of polyester films; Director of Human Resources; public relations management; communication on product responsibility and regulations at group level). Chairman of the Walferdange Tourist Board, member of the committee of the Luxembourg Interfaith Association and of the Pastoral Community Council for the Catholic Church in Steinsel-Walferdange.

WERNER, Marie-Anne (born 1943): Second child of spouses Pierre Werner and Henriette Werner-Pescatore. Higher education in Luxembourg City, Strasbourg and Paris. Trainee then teacher of French, history and Latin at the Lycée Robert Schuman (1967–1987), Director of the Lycée Robert Schuman (1987–2004, when she retired). Member of the Council of the Jean Monnet Foundation for Europe, Lausanne (since 1993).

WERNER, Pierre (1913–2002): Luxembourg legal expert and Christian Socialist statesman. Minister for Finance and the Armed Forces (1954–1959); Minister for Finance (1959–1964; 1969–1974); Minister for Foreign Affairs, Justice and the Treasury (1964–1967); Minister for the Civil Service and the Treasury (1967–1969); chairman of the EEC study group for the establishment of economic and monetary union (Werner Report) (1970–1971); Member of Parliament and leader of the Christian Social parliamentary group (1974–1979); Member of the European Parliament (1979); Minister for Cultural and Religious Affairs (1979–1984); Minister of State; Prime Minister (1959–1974; 1979–1984). See: [The European vocation of Pierre Werner](#).

WERNER-PESCATORE, Henriette (1914–1984): second daughter of spouses Ferdinand Pescatore and Cunégonde Heuertz. Married Pierre Werner on 11 April 1939. They had five children. Henriette Werner-Pescatore was devoted to her family and to bringing up her children, providing valuable

support for her husband in all circumstances. She was closely involved in social and educational activities to help those in need (she founded the centre for fairground workers that was set up to create a kindergarten for the children of the fairground workers at the Schueberfouer, and was a pioneer of the International Bazaar) and encourage interfaith dialogue (she chaired the Interfaith Association of Luxembourg).

WHITE, Harry Dexter (1892–1948): US economist. Director for monetary research and special assistant to Treasury Secretary Henry Morgenthau (1941–1945). In this capacity, he was the liaison officer between the Treasury and the State Department on all foreign relations questions (1941); he was also responsible for the management and smooth operation of the exchange stabilisation fund. He took part in the 1944 Bretton Woods Conference, where he dominated the conference and imposed his vision despite the objections of British representative John Maynard Keynes. He was involved in the establishment of the institutions that resulted from Bretton Woods, namely the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the World Bank. He was Director and US representative at the IMF (1945–1947).

WILSON, Harold (1916–1995): British Labour statesman. Labour Member of Parliament (1945–1983); Parliamentary Secretary in the Ministry of Public Works (1945–1947); Minister for Overseas Trade (1947); President of the Board of Trade (1947–1951); leader of the Labour Party (1963–1976); Prime Minister (1964–1970; 1974–1976).

WITTEVEEN, Hendrikus Johannes (Johan) (born 1921): Dutch economist, academic and politician, member of the People's Party for Freedom and Democracy. Analyst in the Netherlands Bureau for Economic Policy Analysis, particularly under chairman Jan Tinbergen (1947–1963); Minister for Finance (1967–1971); (fifth) Managing Director of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) (1973–1978); chairman of the G30 think tank which aims to deepen understanding of economic and financial issues and to examine the consequences of decisions related to these issues made in the public and private sectors (international financial institutions, central banks, the exchange market and currency, etc.) (1978–1985).

ZIJLSTRA, Jelle (1918–2001): Dutch economist and politician, member of the Anti-Revolutionary Party. Minister for Economic Affairs, then Minister for Finance (1952–1963); Senator (1963–1966); Netherlands Prime Minister and Finance Minister (1966–1967); Chairman of the Nederlandse Bank (1967–1981); President of the Bank for International Settlements (BIS) (1967–1981); Minister of State (since 1983).