

Chronology of events in Korea (1950-1953)

Caption: On 25 June 1950, the troops of North Korea invaded South Korea. The United Nations (UN) called on its members to support South Korea. The war ended with the signing of the ceasefire agreement at Panmunjom on 27 July 1953.

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25.06.1950	North Korean troops cross the 38th parallel and invade South Korea.
26.06.1950	North Korea rejects the cease-fire demanded by the United Nations Organisation (UNO).
30.06.1950	American troops are sent to South Korea by President Harry S. Truman.
07.07.1950	General MacArthur is appointed supreme commander of United Nations forces in Korea.
15.09.1950	Disembarkation of United Nations troops in South Korea.
01.10.1950	United Nations troops cross the 38th parallel.
07.10.1950	American troops cross the 38th parallel.
16.10.1950	China sends the first contingents to Korea.
02.11.1950	Clashes between United Nations armed forces and Chinese troops.
26.11.1950	General offensive launched by the Communist forces.
15.01.1951	The United Nations forces halt the Communist offensive.
11.04.1951	General Ridgway succeeds General MacArthur as supreme commander of United Nations forces in Korea.
10.06.1951	Beginning of the first talks in Kaesong.
12.11.1951	The United Nations forces cease all offensive operations.
07.05.1952	General Clark succeeds General Ridgway as supreme commander of United Nations forces in Korea.
08.10.1952	Adjournment of the armistice talks.
04.11.1952	Dwight D.Eisenhower is elected President of the United States.
02.02.1953	The United States call a halt to the neutralisation of the Formosa Strait.
20.04.1953	Beginning of prisoner exchanges.
26.04.1953	Resumption of the armistice talks.
27.07.1953	Signing of the cease-fire in Panmunjom.